

Kafka's, Fat 10th



Scores of New Styles in Serge Dresses

A splendid stock of these popular Dresses at a popular price. They are so dainty and pretty and new—so practical and universally becoming that almost every woman wants one in her fall wardrobe. Navy blue and black serges fashioned and finished in the newest ways. Remarkable values.

\$5

LOCAL BOND CAMPAIGN

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

livered the principal address, expressed the belief that his hearers would lose no time in subscribing to the new issue of the bonds and concluded saying that he would save his voice and his time in urging the ones who were not so faithful in subscribing to the bonds as these present.

Strong competition prevails in the various departments in the Government service where the clerks are conducting a heated campaign for Liberty Loan subscriptions. Subscriptions taken in the Department of Interior are recorded on a bulletin board in front of the building. Latest figures from that department give a total of \$159,650 for the 4,355 employees.

The employees of the Gleason street plant will hold a Liberty Loan meeting tomorrow afternoon, the speakers at this meeting have not yet been announced.

Addresses were made in the public schools of the District yesterday in hopes to instill in the hearts of the 50,000 children, the buy-a-bond-spirit. It is planned to have meetings in the public schools each day until the campaign closes.

To Erect Wireless Station.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 17.—Annapolis will soon have a gigantic wireless telegraph station as powerful as the government station at Arlington, Va. The new station will rank among the most powerful in the world and will be a connecting link in the system of coast-to-coast communication being provided by the government.

Sufferers From Piles



Pyramid Pile Treatment gives quick relief. Stops itching, bleeding or protruding piles, hemorrhoids and such rectal troubles. In the box of your own home. See a box at all drug stores. A single box often cures. Take no substitute. Free sample for trial with booklet mailed free in plain wrapper, if you send us coupon below.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON
PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY,
165 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.
Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper.
Name.....
Street.....
City.....State.....

Capital.....\$1,000,000
Earned surplus.....\$1,000,000

NEWCOMERS in the city
are cordially invited to do their banking at this institution.

Our Banking, Trust and Safe Deposit Depts. are completely equipped—our service has the indorsement of over 35,000 depositors.

Same Rate of Interest paid on both large and small accounts.

National Savings & Trust Company
Corner 15th and N. Y. Ave.
FIFTY-FIFTH YEAR.

SECURITY BANK
TIME TO SAVE
3% ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS
NINTH—G

STOCK DISEASE
MEAT DEFETER

Agricultural Expert Says
\$2,000,000 Is Lost
Annually.

Conservation of food animals of the country, through the control of diseases which annually destroy more than \$2,000,000 worth of meat animals in the United States was urged as a patriotic duty by Dr. John H. Mohler, acting chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry of the Department of Agriculture in a paper read before the closing session of the Sixth Annual Convention of the International Association of Dairy and Milk Inspectors last night.

It was the duty, Dr. Mohler said, of every official present to do his utmost to reduce the loss of meat animals through the education of the stock raiser and farmer. A resolution pledging the aid of the association to Herbert Hoover, Food Administrator, in the conservation of infant life through the control and distribution of the milk supply, was passed at the executive session held yesterday afternoon.

The importance of proper pasteurization of milk was emphasized in another resolution adopted at the session and the convention went on record as favoring the pasteurization of all milk.

Tuberculosis In Stock.

The necessity for the eradication of tuberculosis from cattle and swine was told in a paper by Dr. J. A. Kierland, chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry of the Department of Agriculture. Thousands of meat animals were lost annually, Dr. Kierland told the convention, through tuberculosis and the failure to take precautions against the disease.

"Public Health Studies Concerning Cheese" was the subject of a paper by Dr. E. C. Schroeder and George W. Brett which was read by Dr. Schroeder.

Alfred W. Lombard, was elected president for the ensuing year, at the executive session, held yesterday afternoon. Dr. James O. Jordan, of Boston, Mass., was elected first vice president; Hayes Lloyd, of Toronto, Canada, second vice president; Dr. C. L. Roadhouse, third vice president; and Ivan C. Weld, of Washington, D. C., re-elected secretary-treasurer. Samuel G. Sharwell, of Newark, N. J., and Dr. Harry States, of Detroit, were elected auditors.

The convention was urged by Herbert Hoover of the importance of the milk and dairy supplies of the nation at the present time, at the Food Administration Building on Sixteenth street.

The date and place of the next annual convention of the association has not been decided.

"OESEL IS ALL OURS"

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

In the casualty list would indicate that the vessel was hit amidships. Yet if she had been so hit naval officers do not see how she could so promptly have made her escape.

The more probable theory of the attack advanced last night is that the vessel was struck either well forward or well aft and that the explosion did little damage to the ship's vital parts.

This was sustained by the knowledge that the usual method pursued upon sighting a submarine or a torpedo is to turn the ship either directly toward or directly away from the line of attack so as to present the smallest possible target.

Destroyer "Head On" Is Belief.

It is believed here that the destroyer undoubtedly was pointed for the submarine when struck.

The principal comment heard among naval officers when the news of the attack was made public was that it demonstrated the remarkable efficiency of our patrol squadrons. It is an open secret that scores, if not hundreds of our vessels have been patrolling the most thickly infested submarine lanes for weeks and months. This is the first report of a hit being scored by the enemy.

There have been many reports of hits scored by our destroyers. The Navy Department is inclined to believe that many German U-boats have not only been hit but sunk. Almost every other report of an encounter with the sea wolves has contained evidence to this effect. The Navy Department has been reluctant to place full credence in these reports because of the known ability of the German U-boats to stimulate sinking by various means.

Efficiency Seen in Making Port.

The ability of the destroyer to make port after being struck by a torpedo is pointed to also as a remarkable demonstration of the efficiency of the torpedo drill of the navy. Destroyers have generally been described as slender vessels loaded with machinery. The popular opinion has been that once hit a fair blow they would sink. Larger and far more substantial vessels have been utterly destroyed by a single torpedo.

The report of yesterday's encounter proves the promptness and coolness with which American jacksies must have stood by to close the water-tight bulkheads and protect the vital engine and boiler rooms. It is believed that the engine room force in the casualty list must have been the off-watch, detailed to gun stations at general quarters.

Add To Faith In Destroyers.

The attack strengthens rather than lessens the faith of the navy in the destroyer as the type of vessel best adapted to combat the submarine. A smaller vessel, if hit, would have been blown to pieces, it was pointed out last night, while a larger one would have lacked the evident facility of the destroyer to maneuver.

Other men have been killed in action with the Germans since the United States declared war, but they have been the members of the armed guard of merchantmen struck by shell fragments or drowned by U-boats.

Ingram is the first man aboard a naval vessel to give his life to an enemy shot since the Spanish war. The bluejackets who fought and died at Vera Cruz fought and died ashore.

U. S. Seaman Killed; Another Is Scalded

One man met death and another was seriously scalded in an accident aboard a United States patrol vessel, according to a Navy Department announcement when a complete report reached Washington today.

Dennis Sheehan, seaman second class, was so badly scalded when a return tube fell out of the vessel's boiler, that he died while being taken ashore. Sheehan's next of kin is John Sheehan, 47 Throop avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Vernon J. Perkins, chief boatswain's mate, was badly scalded, but is expected to recover.

Train Runs Into Packed Troop Car
One Soldier Killed; Several Injured

Spartanburg, S. C., Oct. 17.—Three men were killed tonight and at least twelve dangerously injured when a workmen's train crashed into a crowded troop train on the Piedmont and Northern Railway spur to Camp Wadsworth.

The dead are:
Corporal Arthur Wright, of the Third Field Artillery, Battery B.

Two civilians, unidentified.

The injured soldiers were rushed to the base hospital.

The accident is said to have been due to the absence of lights on the rear car of the electric troop train. A blown-out fuse had put the system out of commission. One mile from camp the steam workmen's train bearing 200 laborers in two cars bore down upon the train. The troop train consisted of three coaches. Nearly 400 soldiers were jammed into the cars.

MAGNATES VOW
FLAG SUPPORT
FEAR FOUL PLAY
OVER LOST GIRL

Herbert Hoover Compliments Rail Service at Banquet Here.

This is a time for the railways to serve the country, Samuel Rea, president of the Pennsylvania system, told the National Association of Railway Commissioners at a dinner last night. "We are instituting a system of priority shipments, we are moving empty cars; we are carrying materials for ammunition. We are transporting coal; we are moving 700,000 men," said Mr. Rea.

"All this means forcing traffic out of normal channels, foregoing profitable business and making great human sacrifices at a time when it is difficult to conserve railroad revenues. Materials are high, wages are higher than ever before, labor is difficult to obtain. But the railroads wish to serve the nation."

Speaking on the subject of State and Federal regulation, Mr. Rea said that the presence of war did not indicate that the State had suspended or annulled their rights.

Herbert C. Hoover, the Food Controller, sounded a war note when he complimented the railroads on their services, saying they had given "most extraordinary assistance."

"War is a losing proposition," said Mr. Hoover. "There are but two winners, the victor and the vanquished. The other is far greater. It is the suppression of individualism through devotion to national issues—the spirit of self sacrifice. If we secure the victory at that end, we will have been amply compensated for the war."

Senator Francis G. Newlands, of Nevada, chairman of the Congressional committee on investigating American railroads said:

"The successful prosecution of the war depends more than anything else upon transportation by rail, river and sea. And yet that is the very thing to which the energizing aid of the government has not been given. Railroad rates are stationary and railroad increases are increasing."

With the setting of last night's sun the reliable "jit" pie lost its popularity as its potency as the proper piece of currency to give for one perfectly black and shiny shoeshine.

From this morning on until shoe shining concessions to rehabilitate its former normal level and competent "shine boys" are willing to forego lucrative "war" jobs to brush up women and gentlemen's boots, each shine will cost no less than 10 cents at each of the city's fifty-four parlors.

A. A. Mantouris, George Pappas and Nik Kavelas, proprietors of three of Washington's largest shoe shining parlors, declared that the cost of last night's blow to their unsuspecting public, but they did so only under the uncompromising pinch of necessity.

This trio declares that they have suffered material losses in their shops during the time that they have held up under them a long and possible, thereby making it possible for this city to be the last one in the United States to have to pay double for shoe shining.

Unless 10 cents is charged for shoe shines here, proprietors of the establishments declare, they will have to go out of business.

It is said that boys who used to work for 5 cents a week can now only be hired now at \$16 and \$18, and are scarce at that price, they declare, while colored boys demand wages of 25 cents a week, and furthermore rents are higher and blacking itself nearly 50 per cent more costly than hitherto. There will be no increase over 10 cents for shines given on the Sabbath.

U. S. LADS, PRISONERS IN GERMANY, SAFE
Comrade of Moeve Survivors Escape with News.

Stockholm, Oct. 17.—Goods news for the parents of the American lads: Barney Boyle, Des Moines. Bill Fitzgerald, New York. Oscar Bird, Charleston, W. Va. Walter and Harry Mason, both of Baltimore.

They're all alive and safe in the German camp at Luebeck. With them up to six days ago was Willett Charles Smith, of Norwalk, Conn. He is now considerably more alive and safe than his former fellow prisoners taken from a British vessel by the famed Teuton sea raider Moeve. Smith got here today. He hid for six days in the hold of a German ship that arrived today from Kiel. For six days he went without a drop of water.

"Tell the folks back home that the bunch is safe," said he with a countenance that was all happiness. He had made one unsuccessful attempt to get away from Luebeck camp, and had spent fourteen days in a dark cell for it.

No Date Too Early For Christmas Mailing

All Christmas packages going to your soldier boy "somewhere in France" should be mailed not later than November 15.

If you want your khal sweet-heart, now training to fight the Boche overseas to receive your gift by Christmas morn, you will have to do your holiday shopping early with a vengeance. The Postoffice Department says so. Even the six weeks' leeway now deemed adequate for the Christmas mail, no matter how near, should be mailed not later than December 22, and preferably before December 15.

War business is putting an unprecedented strain on the mails.

American Escapes From German Prison

Washington, Oct. 17.—The State Department yesterday received a dispatch from the American minister at Stockholm confirming the arrival of the first American prisoner of war to escape from a German prison camp. He is Willett Charles Smith, of Norwalk, Conn., an American citizen. Smith was a member of the British steamer Esmeralda, captured by the German raider Moeve nearly a year ago.

Smith told Minister Morris that he was not for the Y. M. C. A. and American Red Cross, but that he was in the war camps could not live. He described their diet as a small piece of sour black bread once a day and a pint and a half of "soup" which was mostly, "warm water, flavored with turnip."

U. S. BANKERS
PLAIN WAR AID

Financiers Also Discuss the Feasibility of Helping Out Farmers.

New York, Oct. 17.—The tremendous task of financing the nation for the greatest war it has ever involved in was the theme of an address by W. P. G. Harding, governor of the Federal Reserve Board, at the closing session of the Southern Commercial Congress yesterday. Helping the farmers with government money so that agriculture could do its utmost for the nation was also discussed by speakers.

"Touching upon 'war time banking' Mr. Harding said:

"There have been changes in banking methods ever since the Federal Reserve system has been installed, but the greatest change ever imposed on banking in this country, was caused by the war. For this reason the bankers must not only discriminate as far as the security offered is concerned, but must demand to know the objects for which credits are required. That railroad stocks and other standard securities must be sold in times such as these is to be expected, that is part of the patriotic duty we have to pay. But the wholesale slaughter of values must be prevented. I do not believe that the market depression in values on the Stock Exchanges has an organized bear raid. But I am glad to know that the slump appears to have been checked and that there is hope of a great loss of values. The people are getting what may be called their second wind and are ready, not only to correct conditions, but to cooperate in the successful flotation of the Second Liberty Loan."

Mr. Harding said that no money crisis was possible if the bankers kept their heads and said he was "gratefully" for the support given the Federal Reserve System.

What Federal farm loans can do for southern farmers and planters would be "too good to believe" by that "overburdened" class, said George W. Norris, Federal Farm Loan Commissioner. Continuing he said:

"H. T. Davis, president of the Federal Land Bank of New Orleans, was another speaker on Uncle Sam's money for farmers and planters. Judge Julian Mack, of the United States Treasury Department, expressed the details of insurance for soldiers and sailors."

Mr. Hamilton Holt, speaking for the League to Enforce Peace, declared that no inconclusive peace must be allowed Germany. "The peace must be made safe for autocracy," he said. United States Senator Gore also spoke.

FORCE PRODUCTION

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

them to produce the coal needed without interruption. But there are evidently some who fail to understand the gravity of the situation and who do not hesitate to advocate strikes at this time, when the country is in a position of such dire need of coal.

Mr. Harding said that the government should be covered in the prices fixed by the President.

"The matter has been submitted to me and all concerned are expected to cooperate. I will give immediate and close attention to the question and hope to reach a decision at an early date. The only circumstance within my control which will delay that decision will be the violation of the spirit of the arrangement between the operators and the miners, which was that under no circumstances should the production of coal in the United States, at the present time, be allowed to diminish."

Will Postpone It.

"If either the operators or the miners attempt to bring pressure upon me to reach a decision, I shall postpone it and use whatever powers are necessary to compel the production of coal to meet the country's needs."

When asked to explain what powers he had in mind, Dr. Garfield replied that he preferred to let the wording of the telegram to the miners stand. The government, he added, can do many things in time of war that it cannot do in time of peace.

He described the regions where the strikes are most serious as being the Springfield and Peoria districts of Franklin and Williamson Counties, Ill., and the Gillespie mines near Belleville, Ill.; six mines in the southwestern Indiana district, and the Bergid, district, in Ohio. In each case the strike was caused by the miners demanding immediate wage increases. The increases should come at the same time the President's coal prices went into effect, according to the miners.

Dr. Garfield declared that the union officials were playing square, but that they simply were unable to hold the men in line in the emergency. He could not estimate the number of strikers out, beyond saying that the number included about 20,000 in Illinois, and several thousand in Indiana. The men, and other strikers, Dr. Garfield said, evidently were acting under no influence except their own desire for higher wages. The Fuel Administration, he added, had found no inkling whatever of the working of German or I. W. W. propaganda among the coal miners.

Following his conference with news-

MEAT CAUSE OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take a glass of Salts if your Back hurts or Bladder bothers.

Meat forms uric acid.

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sour, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush out the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness. Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.—Adv.

Safety!

Safety lies in avoiding substitutes. The name "Bayer" is on every package and every tablet of genuine Aspirin. Look for

"The Bayer Cross —"  "Your Guarantee of Purity"

TABLETS in pocket boxes of 12
Bottles of 24 and 100
CAPSULES in sealed packages of 12 and 24

The trade name "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the monoacetic ester of salicylic acid in these tablets and capsules is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

paper men Dr. Garfield issued a statement to the public, outlining the general coal situation. It follows:

"The question uppermost in the minds of every one is this: Is there a shortage of coal?"

The Car Supply.

"This question cannot be answered by a simple yes or no. On the one hand, we have an increased production as compared with 1916 of nearly 10 per cent, and when compared with 1915 the increase is around 25 per cent. On the other hand, we have more by the increased demand from munition factories and other industries working on necessary government orders. The production of three factories is needed by ourselves and our allies if we are to fight the war successfully. In addition to this, the railroads must have more coal if they are to move the troops and supplies."

"Whether the increased demand will be met by an increase of supply which will also leave for the domestic consumer all the coal he needs will depend, first, on the war supply, second on the energy and patriotism of the miners, coal operators and laborers, third, on the loyal recognition by every citizen that he is responsible for conservation and limitation in the use of coal to the utmost possible extent."

"The question of car supply is put first, because at present the limitation of production of coal is influenced more by the inability of the mines to get sufficient cars every day, so that they may operate continuously. Many of the largest mines are able to run at only half capacity much of the time, owing to the inability of the railroads to supply the necessary cars. The mine will run at full capacity one or two days of the week, and partial capacity for two more days, and is often unable to run at all the remaining two days of the week. There are absolutely no cars to take the coal as it comes out of the mines."

AN IDEAL LIME TREATMENT

For those suffering from chronic or acute pulmonary and bronchial troubles, or coughs or colds, is

ECKMAN'S ALTERNATIVE

The "Cough Remedy" which has been taken by the average person without disturbing digestion. An efficient tonic and tissue builder. Contains no Alcohol, Narcotic, or Habit-Forming Drug.

Size now \$1.50. \$1 size now 80c.

Sold by all leading druggists.

Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia.

Fall Suits & O'coats

\$12.50 to \$30.00

The Bieber-Kaufman Co., Inc.

901-9 8th St. S. E.

"Down by the Navy Yard."

SPECIAL 30¢ 1 lb.

DELICIOUS CHOCOLATE-COATED Peppermint Patties

These creamy, tempting-melt-in-the-mouth patties are sold every day in our stores at 40c per pound.

The luscious whipped cream filling is flavored with pure oil of peppermint and coated with the richest of chocolate.

They're pleasingly bitter sweet and sure to be liked by all the folks.

For a limited time only all Liggett stores will sell them at the above special price.

Regular Price 40c Lb.
LIGGETT'S SPECIAL PRICE 30¢ Lb.

Take home a 5 lb. box

1006 F St. N.W.

Liggett's

DRUG STORES

Dependable Drug Stores